www.ijiset.com

ISSN 2348 - 7968

Cube Difference Labeling Of Some Cyclerelated Graphs

¹G.Amuda, ²S.Meena

Lecturer in Mathematics, Govt., college for women(A), Kumbakonam, Tamil Nadu, India.

Associate Professor of Mathematics, Govt., Arts and sciencecollege, Chidambaram.

Abstract

A graph G = (V,E) with p vertices and q edges is said to admit cube difference labeling, if there exists a bijection $f: V(G) \to \{0,1,2,...,p\}$ such that the induced function $f^*: E(G) \to N$ given by $f^*(uv) = [f(u)]3 - [f(v)]3$ for everyuve E(G) are all distinct. A graph which admits cube difference labeling is called cube difference graph. In this paper we prove that some classes of graphs like Double Triangular Snake, Umbrella Graph, Pn(Qsn) graph, Cn(Qsn) graphs are cube difference graphs.

Keywords: Cube difference labeling, Cube difference graph.

INTRODUCTION

All graphs in this paper are simple finite undirected and nontrivial graph G = (V, E) with vertex set V and the edge set E. For graph theoretic terminology, we refer to Harary [2]. A dynamic survey on graph labeling is regularly updated by Gallian [3] and it is published by Electronic Journal of Combinatorics. Vast amount of literature is available on different types of graph labeling and more than 1000 research papers have been published so far in past three decades. The squaredifference labeling is previously defined by V. Ajitha, S. Arumugam and K. A. Germina [1]. The concept of cube difference labeling was first introduced by J. Shiama and it was proved in [7] that many standard graphs like Pn, Cn, complete graphs, ladder, lattice grids, wheels, comb, star graphs,crown,dragon, coconut trees and shell graphs are cube difference Labeling. Andalso somereferences [4]-[6].Some graphs like cycle cactus graph,special tree and a New Key graph[8] can also be investigated for the cube difference.

Definition:1.1: Let G = (V (G), E (G)) be a graph. G is said to be cube difference labeling if there exist a bijectionf: $V(G) \rightarrow \{0,1,2,\ldots,p-1\}$ such that the induced function $f^*: E(G) \rightarrow N$ given by $f^*(u \ v) = [f(u)]^3 - [f(v)]^3|$ is injective.

Definition:1.2:An umbrella graph U(m,n) to be a graph obtained by joining a path p_{n with} the central vertex of a fan fn.

 $\begin{aligned} \textbf{Definition: 1.3:} \ \ \text{Let} \ G &= Pn \ (Qs_n) \ \text{is a graph. Let} \ V(G) = \{u_1,u_2,\dots,u_n,v_1,v_2,\dots,v_{mn},w_1,w_2,\dots,w_{mn}\} \\ \text{be the vertices of the graph and} \\ E(G) &= \{u_iu_{i+1}/1 \leq i \leq n-1\} U\{u_iv_{2i-1},w_iv_{2i-1}/1 \leq i \leq n\} U\{u_iv_{2i},w_iv_{2i}/1 \leq i \leq n\}. \ \ \text{Let} \ G_1,G_2,\dots G_n \ \ \text{be m copies of} \ C_4 \ \ \text{and} \ \ P_n: u_1,u_2,\dots u_n \ \ \text{be a path. The} \ P_n \ (Qs_n) \ \ \text{is} \ 4mn + (n-1) \ \text{copies of} \ P_2. \end{aligned}$

 $\begin{aligned} \textbf{Definition: 1.4:} \ \text{Let} \ G &= Cn \ (Qs_n) \ \text{is a graph. let} \ \ V(G) &= \{u_1,u_2,\dots,u_n,v_1,v_2,\dots,v_{mn},w_1,w_2,\dots,w_{mn}\} \\ \text{be the vertices of the graph and} \\ E(G) &= \{u_iu_{i+1}/1 \leq i \leq n-1\} U\{u_iv_{2i-1},w_iv_{2i-1}/1 \leq i \leq n\} U\{u_iv_{2i},w_iv_{2i}/1 \leq i \leq n\}. \ \text{Let} \ G_1,G_2,\dots G_n \ \text{be m copies of} \ C_4 \ \text{and} \ \text{Let} \ C_n: u_1,u_2,\dots u_n \ \text{be a cycle.} \end{aligned}$



MAIN RESULT

Theorem:1

The Double Triangular Snake G_n is a Cube difference graph.

Proof

Let G be the Double Triangular Snake and Let $V(G) = \{u_1, u_2, \ldots, u_n, v_1, v_2, \ldots, v_{n-1}, w_1, w_2, \ldots, w_{n-1}\}$ be the vertices of the graph and $E(G) = \{u_i u_{i+1}/1 \le i \le n\} \cup \{v_i u_i, w_i u_i/1 \le i \le n-1\} \cup \{v_i u_{i+1}, w_i u_{i+1}/1 \le i \le n-1\}$ be the edges of the graph.

Let . Let
$$|V(G)| = 2n+2$$
 and $|E(G)| = 4n-1$

Define the vertex labeling $f:V(G) \rightarrow \{0,1,2,\dots p-1\}$

$$f(ui) = i-1$$
, $1 \le i \le n$

$$f(vi) = i+n-1, 1 \le i \le n-3$$

$$=i+k$$
, $1 \le i \le k$

$$f(wi) = 2k+i$$
, $1 \le i \le k$

and the induced edge labeling function

$$f:E(G) \rightarrow N$$
 defined by

$$f(uv) = |[f(u)]^3 - [f(v)]^3|$$
 for every $uv \in E(G)$

are all distinct such that $f(ei) \neq f(ej)$ for every $ei \neq ej$

The edge sets are

$$E1 = \{u_i u_{i+1} / 1 \le i \le n-1\}$$

$$E2 = \{v_iu_i/\ 1 {\le} i {\le} n{-}1\}$$

$$E3 = \{v_iu_{i+1}/\ 1{\le}\,i{\le}\,n\text{--}1\}$$

$$E4=\{w_iu_i/1{\le}\,i{\le}\,n\text{-}1\}$$

$$E5 = \{w_iu_{i+1}/\ 1{\le}\,i{\le}\,n\text{-}1\}$$

and the edge labeling are

In E1

$$f^*(u_i u_{i+1}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^n |f(u_i)^3 - f(u_{i+1})^3|$$
$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |(i-1)^3 - i^3|$$



$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n} |3i2 - 3i + 1|$$
$$= \{1,7,19,...,3n2-3n+1\}$$

In E₂

$$f^*(v_i u_i) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} |f(v_i)^3 - f(u_i)^3|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} |k3 + 3i(k+1) + 3i(k2-1) + 1|$$

$$= \{64,124,208,...,\}$$

In E₃

$$f^*(v_i u_{i+1}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} | f(v_i)^{23} - f(u_{i+1})^3 |$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} | k3 + 3ki(k+i) |$$

$$= \{63,117,189,...,\}$$

In E₄

$$f^*(\mathbf{w}_i \mathbf{u}_i) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} \left| f(\mathbf{w}_i)^3 - f(\mathbf{u}_i)^3 \right|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} \left| (i+2k)3 - (i-1)3 \right|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} \left| 8k3 + 3i(2k+1) + 3i(4k2-1) + 1 \right|$$

$$= \{343,511,721,...,\}$$
In E₅

$$f^*(\mathbf{w}_i \mathbf{u}_{i+1}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} \left| f(\mathbf{w}_i)^3 - f(\mathbf{u}_{i+1})^3 \right|$$
$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} \left| 8k2 + 6ki(2k+i) \right|$$
$$= \{342,504,702,...,\}$$

Here the edges are distinct.

Hence the Double triangular snake graph admits a cube difference labeling.

Theorem:2

The Umbrella graph is a cube difference labeling.

Proof:

Let U(G) be the umbrella graph and the vertex is : $u_1, u_2, ..., u_n$. Let $v_1, v_2, ..., v_n$ be the another vertex.

Let
$$|V(G)| = n$$
 and



$$|E(G)| = 3n$$

Define the vertex labeling $f:E \rightarrow \{0,1,2,...p-1\}$

$$f(u_i) = i-1$$
 , $1 \le i \le n$

$$f(v_i) = i+2, 1 \le i \le n+1$$

and the induced edge labeling function $f:E \rightarrow N$ defined by

$$f(uv) = |[f(u)]^3 - [f(v)]^3|$$
 for every $uv \in E(G)$

are all distinct such that $f(e_i) \neq f(e_i)$ for every $e_i \neq e_i$

The edge sets are

$$E_1 = \{u_i u_{i+1} / 1 \le i \le n-1\}$$

$$E_2 = \{v_i v_{i+1} / 1 \le i \le n\}$$

$$E_3 = \{v_i u_n / 1 \le i \le n+1\}$$

And the edge labeling are

$$f^*(\mathbf{E}_1) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} |f(u_i)^3 - f(u_{i+1})^3|$$
$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} |2 - 3i2|$$

$$=\{1,7,...,3n2-9n+7\}$$

$$f^*(E_2) = \bigcup_{i=1}^n |f(v_i)^3 - f(v_{i+1})^3|$$

$$=U_{i=1}^{n} |(i+2)3-(i+3)3|$$

$$=\bigcup_{i=1}^{n} \left| -3i^2 - 15i - 19 \right|$$

=
$$\{37,61,91,...,-(3n^2+15n+19)\}$$

$$f^*(E_3) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n+1} |f(v_i)^3 - f(u_n)^3|$$
$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n+1} |i^3 + 6i(i+2) - n^3 + 3n(n-1+9)|$$

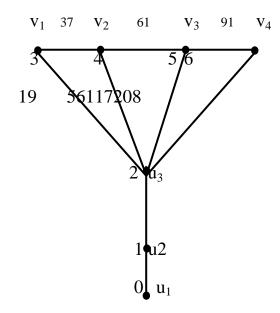
$$=\{19,56,117,...,12n^2+24n+28\}$$

Here the edges are distinct.

Hence the umbrella graph admits a cube difference labeling.



For example;



Theorem:3

7

The graph $G=P_n\left(QS_n\right)$ is a cube difference labeling $(n\geq 1$, $m\geq 1).$

Proof:

 $\begin{aligned} \text{Let} \quad &G = P_n \; (QS_n) \text{ is a graph. let } V(G) = \{u_1,u_2,\ldots,u_n,v_1,v_2,\ldots,v_{mn},w_1,w_2,\ldots,w_{mn}\} \text{be the vertices of the graph and} \qquad &E(G) \\ = &\{u_iu_{i+1}/1 \leq i \leq n-1\} U\{u_iv_{2i-1},w_iv_{2i-1}/1 \leq i \leq n\} U\{u_iv_{2i},w_iv_{2i}/1 \leq i \leq n\}. \\ \text{Let } G_1,G_2,\ldots G_n \text{be } m \text{ copies of } C_4 \text{ and } P_n:u_1,u_2,\ldots u_n \text{ be a path }. \end{aligned}$ The $P_n \; (QS_n) \text{ is } 4mn + (n-1) \text{ copies of } P_2.$

Let
$$|V(G)| = 3mn + n$$
 and $|E(G)| = 4mn + (n-1)$

Define the vertex labeling $f:E \rightarrow \{0,1,...p-1\}$

$$f(u_i)=i\text{-}1 \ , \ 1 \leq i \leq n$$

$$f(v_{2nk+i}) = (3k+1)n + (i\text{-}1), \ 1 \leq i \leq n\text{-}1, \ k = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots, n$$

$$f(w_{nk+1}) {=} 3n(k+1) {+} (i{-}1), \ 1 {\le} i {\le} n{-}1, \ k {=} 0, 1, 2, 3, \ldots, n$$

$$f(v_i) = n+i-1$$
 for $k=0$

$$f(w_i)=3n+i-1$$
 for $k=0$

and the induced edge labeling function

 $f:E \to N$ defined by



$$f(uv) = |[f(u)]^3 - [f(v)]^3|$$
 for every $uv \in E(G)$

are all distinct such that $f(e_i) \neq f(e_i)$ for every $e_i \neq e_i$

The edge sets are

$$E_1 = \{u_i u_{i+1} / 1 \le i \le n-1\}$$

$$E_2 = \{u_i v_{2i-1} / 1 \le i \le n\}$$

$$E_3 = \{u_i v_{2i} / 1 \le i \le n\}$$

$$E_4 = \{w_i v_{2i-1} / 1 \le i \le n\}$$

$$E_5 = \{w_i v_{2i} / 1 \le i \le n\}$$

And the edge labeling are

In E₁

$$f^*(\mathbf{u}_i \mathbf{u}_{i+1}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} \left| (1-i)^3 - i^3 \right|$$
$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} \left| (1-3i(1-i)) \right|$$

$$={1,7,...,1-3n(1-n)}$$

In E₂

$$f^*(\mathbf{u}_i \mathbf{v}_{2i-1}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^n \left| f(u_i)^3 - f(v_{2i-1})^3 \right|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n \left| (i-1)^3 - (n+2i-2)^3 \right|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n \left| i2(-7i+21-12n) + i(-21-6n2+24n) + (-n3+6n2-12n+7) \right|$$

$$= \{8,63,...,(-26n3+51n^2-33n+7)\}$$

In E₃

$$f^*(u_i v_{2i}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^n \left| f(u_i)^3 - f(v_{2i})^3 \right|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n \left| (i-1)^3 - (n+2i-1)^3 \right|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n \left| -7i3 + 9i2 - 3i - n3 - 6n2i - 12ni2 + 3n2 + 12ni - 3n \right|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n \left| i2(-7i + 9 - 12n) + i(-3 - 6n2 + 12n) + (-n2 + 3n2 - 3n) \right|$$

$$= \{27,124,...,(-26n^3 + 24n^2 - 6n)\}$$

In E₄

$$f^*(\mathbf{w}_i \mathbf{v}_{2i-1}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^n \left| f(\mathbf{w}_i)^3 - f(\mathbf{v}_{2i})^3 \right|$$
$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n \left| (3n+i-1)^3 - (n+2i-2)^3 \right|$$



$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n} \left| 26n3 - 7i3 - 21n2 + 21n2i - 3ni2 + 6ni + 21i2 - 3n - 21i + 7 \right|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n} \left| i2(-7i + 21 - 3n) + i(21n2 + 6n - 21) + (26n3 - 21n2 - 3n + 7) \right|$$

$$= \{208,279,...,(37n^3 + 6n^2 - 24n + 7)\}$$

In E₅

$$f^*(\mathbf{w}_i \mathbf{v}_{2i}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^n \left| f(\mathbf{w}_i)^3 - f(\mathbf{v}_{2i})^3 \right|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n \left| (3n+i-1)3 - (n+2i-1)3 \right|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n \left| 26n3 + 21n2i - 3ni2 - 7i3 - 24n2 - 6ni + 9i2 + 6n - 3i \right|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n \left| i2(-7i + 9 - 3n) + i(21n2 - 6n - 3) + (26n3 - 24n2 + 6n) \right|$$

$$= \{189,218,...,(37n^3-21n^2+3n)\}$$

Here the edges are distinct.

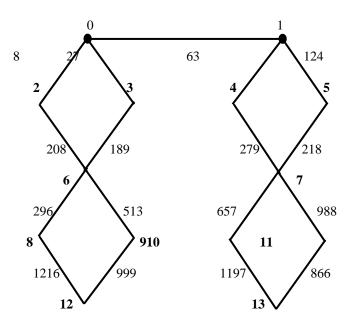
Hence the P_n(QS_n) graph admits a cube difference labeling.

For example;

The graph P_2 (QS₂) is a cube difference labeling.

Solution:

If
$$n \ge 1$$
 and $m \ge 1$





Theorem:4

The graph $G = C_n (QS_n)$ is a cube difference labeling.

Proof:

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Let} & G = C_n \ (QS_n) \ is \ a \ graph \ . \ let \ V(G) = \{u_1, u_2, \ldots, u_n, v_1, v_2, \ldots, v_{mn}, w_1, w_2, \ldots, w_{mn}\} \\ \text{be the vertices of the graph and} \\ E(G) = \{u_i u_{i+1}/1 \leq i \leq n-1\} U\{u_i v_{2i-1}, w_i v_{2i-1}/1 \leq i \leq n\} U\{u_i v_{2i}, w_i v_{2i}/1 \leq i \leq n\}. \end{array}$

Let $G_1, G_2, \dots G_n$ be m copies of C_4 and Let $C_n : u_1, u_2, \dots u_n$ be a cycle. Let |V(G)| = 3mn + n and |E(G)| = 4mn + n

Define the vertex labeling $f: E \rightarrow \{0,1,...p-1\}$

$$f(u_i) = i-1$$
, $1 \le i \le n$

$$f(v_{2nk+i}) = (3k+1)n+(i-1), 1 \le i \le n-1, k=0,1,2,3,...,n$$

$$f(w_{nk+1})=3n(k+1)+(i-1), 1 \le i \le n-1, k=0,1,2,3,...,n$$

$$f(vi) = n+i-1$$
 for $k=0$ $f(wi)=3$ $n+i-1$ for $k=0$

and the induced edge labeling function

 $f:E \rightarrow N$ defined by

$$f(uv) = |[f(u)]^3 - [f(v)]^3|$$
 for every $uv \in E(G)$

are all distinct .such that $f(e_i) \neq f(e_j)$ for every $e_i \neq e_j$

The edge sets are

$$E_1 = \{u_i u_{i+1} / 1 \le i \le n-1\}$$

$$E_2 = \{u_i v_{2i\text{-}1} / \ 1 \leq i \leq n \}$$

$$E_3 = \{u_i v_{2i} / 1 \le i \le n\}$$

$$E_4 = \{w_i v_{2i\text{-}1} / \ 1 \leq i \leq n\}$$

$$E_5 = \{w_iv_{2i}/\ 1{\leq}\ i{\leq}\ n\}$$

and the edge labeling are

In E₁

$$f^*(u_i u_{i+1}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} | (1-i)^3 - i^3 |$$
$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} | (1-3i(1-i) |$$

$$=\{1,7,...,1-3n(1-n)\}$$

In E₂



$$f^*(\mathbf{u}_{i}\mathbf{v}_{2i-1}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n} |f(u_i)^3 - f(v_{2i-1})^3|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n} |(i-1)^3 - (n+2i-2)^3|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n} |-7i^3 + 21i^2 - 21i + 7 - n^3 - 6n^2i - 12ni^2 + 6n^2 + 24ni - 12n|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n} |i^2(-7i + 21 - 12n) + i(-21 - 6n^2 + 24n) + (-n^3 + 6n^2 - 12n + 7)|$$

$$= \{27,124,335,...,(-26n^3 + 56n^2 - 33n + 7)\}$$

InE3

$$f^*(\mathbf{u}_i \mathbf{v}_{2i}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^n \left| f(\mathbf{u}_i)^3 - f(\mathbf{v}_{2i})^3 \right|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n \left| (i-1)^3 - (n+2i-1)^3 \right|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n \left| -7i^3 + 9i^2 - 3i - n^3 - 6n^2i - 12ni^2 + 3n^2 + 12ni - 3n \right|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n \left| i^2(-7i + 9 - 12n) + i(-3 - 6n^2 + 12n) + (-n^{3^*} + 3n^2 - 3n) \right|$$

$$= \{64,215,504,...,(-26n3+24n2-6n)\}$$

In E₄

$$f^*(\mathbf{w}_{i}\mathbf{v}_{2i-1}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n} |f(\mathbf{w}_{i})^{3} - f(\mathbf{v}_{2i})^{3}|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n} |(3n+i-1)^{3} - (n+2i-2)^{3}|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n} |26n3 - 7i3 - 21n2 + 21n2i - 3ni2 + 6ni + 21i2 - 3n - 21i + 7|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^{n} |i2(-7i + 9 - 3n) + i(21n + 6n - 21) + (26n3 - 21n2 - 3n + 7)|$$

$$= \{702,875,988,...,37n^{3} + 6n^{2} - 24n + 7\}$$

In E₅

$$f^*(\mathbf{w}_i \mathbf{v}_{2i}) = \bigcup_{i=1}^n |f(\mathbf{w}_i)^3 - f(\mathbf{v}_{2i})^3|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |(3n+i-1)3 - (n+2i-1)3|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |26n3 + 21n2i - 3ni2 - 7i3 - 24n2 - 6ni + 9i2 + 6n - 3i|$$

$$= \bigcup_{i=1}^n |i2(-7i + 9 - 3n) + i(21n2 - 6n - 3) + (26n3 - 4n2 + 6n)|$$

$$= \{665,784,819,...,37n3-21n2+3n\}$$

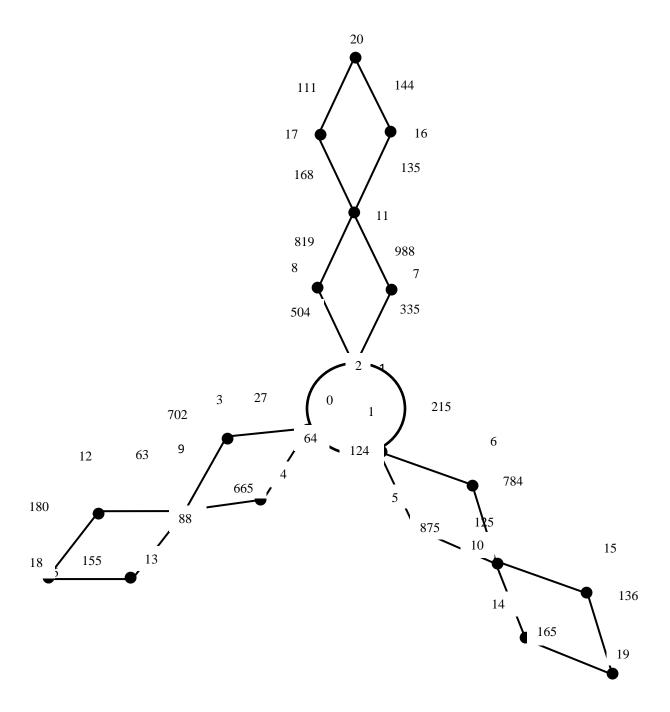
Here the edges are distinct.

Hence the C_n(QS_n) graph admits a square difference labeling.



Eample; The graph $C_3(QS_2)$ is a cube difference labeling. $(n \ge 3, m \ge 1)$.

Solution: If $n \ge 3$ and $m \ge 1$





ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The author thanks to MannonmaniamSundaranar University for providing facilities. I wish to express my deep sense of gratitude to Dr. M. Karuppaiyan my husband for their immense help in my studies.

REFERENCES

- [1] Ajitha, V., Arumugam., S and Germina, K.A. "On Square sum graphs" AKCE J.Graphs, Combin, 6(2006) 1- 10.
- [2] FrankHarary. "Graph theory" Narosa Publishing House (2001).
- [3] Gallian, J.A. "A dynamic survey of graph labeling" The Electronics journal of Combinatories, 17(2010) # DS6.
- [4] Shiama, J. "Square sum labeling for some middle and total graphs" International Journal of Computer Applications (0975-08887), Vol. 37(4), January 2012.
- [5] Shiama, J. "Square difference labeling for some graphs" International Journal of Computer Applications (0975-08887), Vol. 44 (4), April 2012.
- [6] Shiama, J. "Some Special types of Square difference graphs" International Journal of Mathematical archives, Vol. 3(6), 2012, 2369-2374 ISSN 2229-5046.
- [7] Shiama, J. "Cube Difference Labeling Of Some Graphs" International Journal of Engineering Science and Innovative Technology, Vol. 2(6), November 2013.
- [8]Sharon Philomena.V and K.Thirusangu. "Square and Cube Difference Labeling of Cycle Cactus,
- Special Tree and a New Key Graphs" Annals of Pure and Applied Mathematics Vol.8(2).December 2014.